

Begin August 8, 1960

A73WX

(500) FIRST LEAD PRECEDE RICHMOND DAY, POWERS
WASHINGTON, AUG. 8 (AP)-OLIVER POWERS, FATHER OF U2 PILOT FRANCIS
GARY POWERS, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSH-
CHEV WILL HEED HIS APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY FOR HIS SON. *IN RUSSIA*

THE FATHER CAME TO WASHINGTON AS A PRELIMINARY TO A FLIGHT LATER
THIS WEEK TO MOSCOW. HE WILL TRY THERE TO INTERCEDE FOR HIS SON,
WHO WAS FORCED DOWN WITH HIS RECONNAISSANCE PLANE ~~ON~~ MAY 1.

AFTER A ONE-HOUR MEETING WITH STATE DEPARTMENT LEGAL ADVISER ERIC
H. HAGER, THE ELDER POWERS TOLD REPORTERS HE WAS PRETTY SURE
KHRUSHCHEV WILL LISTEN TO THE APPEAL OF "ONE WORKING MAN TO ANOTHER
AND ONE FATHER TO ANOTHER."

YOUNG POWERS GOES ON TRIAL BEFORE A MILITARY TRIBUNAL OF THE SOVIET
SUPREME COURT AUG. 17 ON CHARGES OF ESPIONAGE, WHICH CAN CARRY A
PENALTY RANGING FROM 15 YEARS IMPRISONMENT TO DEATH.

POWERS COMMENTED FREELY ON THE CASE.

ASKED ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY THAT HIS SON HAD BEEN SUBJECTED TO
POSSIBLE BRAINWASHING, THE FATHER SAID A PSYCHIATRIST AND HANDWRITING
EXPERT HAD STUDIED IN DETAIL THE LETTERS THE SON HAS SENT HOME,
TO DETERMINE WHAT MAY HAVE BEEN ON HIS MIND WHEN HE WROTE.

HE SAID EXPERTS BELIEVE THAT MEN UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF DRUGS
HAVE A CERTAIN WAY OF EXPRESSING THEMSELVES AND THAT THOSE WHO HAVE
BEEN HELD IN SOLITARY CONFINEMENT ALSO SHOW THIS IN THEIR WRITING.

"THEY THINK HE HAS BEEN GIVEN A 10-TO-15 DAY TREATMENT IN SOLITARY
CONFINEMENT," POWERS SAID.

HE DID NOT IDENTIFY THOSE WHO STUDIED THE LETTERS.

AT ANOTHER POINT POWERS SAID HE UNDERSTOOD THAT SAN FRANCISCO
ATTORNEY VINCENT HALLINAN WHO RAN FOR PRESIDENT ON THE PROGRESSIVE
TICKET IN 1952 AND SEVERAL OTHER AMERICAN ATTORNEYS HAD BEEN GRANTED
SOVIET VISAS TO OBSERVE THE POWERS TRIAL.

A GROUP OF VIRGINIA ATTORNEYS WHO SOUGHT TO ACCOMPANY THE ELDER
POWERS WERE TURNED DOWN BY THE RUSSIANS WHEN THEY ASKED FOR VISAS.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID IT IS NOT AWARE THAT ANY AMERICAN
ATTORNEYS ARE BEING ALLOWED TO ATTEND THE MOSCOW TRIAL.

IN DISCUSSING YOUNG POWERS' LETTERS, THE FATHER SAID HE BELIEVES
FRANCIS WAS TOLD "WHAT NOT TO WRITE, RATHER THAN WHAT TO WRITE."

"THEY TOLD HIM NOT TO SAY HOW HE WAS SHOT DOWN OR ANYTHING
ABOUT THE PLANE.

"FRANCIS ONLY SAID THAT THE EJECTION SEAT OF HIS PLANE DID NOT
WORK AND HE HAD TO CLIMB OUT AND JUMP," THE FATHER SAID.

"FRANCIS SAID THE PEOPLE THERE TOLD HIM HE WAS LUCKY BUT THAT HE
DID NOT REMEMBER PULLING THE CORD WHICH RELEASED THE EJECTION SEAT.

THE ELDER POWERS CONFIRMED THAT AN ALLEGED CONFESSION HE HAS
RECEIVED WITH HIS SON'S SIGNATURE WAS THE SAME. FOR THE MOST PART,
AS THE TEXT OF A PAPER READ ON A MOSCOW BROADCAST LAST MAY 13.

IN THE MOSCOW RADIO ACCOUNT POWERS WAS QUOTED AS SAYING THAT
HE WAS FLYING UNDER CONTRACT FOR THE U. S. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
AGENCY.

OLIVER POWERS SAID HE BELIEVED THE REFERENCE TO THE CIA, THE
GOVERNMENT'S INTELLIGENCE AGENCY, HAD BEEN WRITTEN INTO THE DOCUMENT
BY SOVIET AUTHORITIES.

ON HIS ARRIVAL HERE, THE FATHER SAID "WE HOPE TO BRING HIM BACK
WITH US" BUT ADDED: "WE HOPE TO ACCOMPLISH MORE THAN WE PROBABLY
WILL."

THE PARENTS CAME HERE VIA RICHMOND FROM THEIR HOME IN POUND, VA.,
IN THE COAL FIELDS.

30.24-12567

AS HE HAS BEFORE, POWERS SAID HE WOULD APPROACH KHRUSHCHEV AS ONE OLD
COAL MINER TO ANOTHER. "I GUESS THAT'S ABOUT OUR ONLY CONNECTION," HE
SAID. POWERS IN LATER YEARS HAS BEEN A SHOE REPAIR MAN.

MRS. POWERS, WHO HAS A SERIOUS HEART CONDITION, STOOD SILENTLY BY
WHILE HER HUSBAND TALKED TO REPORTERS. ONCE SHE REACHED OVER AND
STRAIGHTENED HIS NECKTIE. SHE SAID LITTLE, BEYOND RELATING THAT SHE HAD
RECEIVED A LETTER FROM THEIR SON ABOUT 15 DAYS AGO AND HE SEEMED IN GOOD
SPIRITS.

ON THEIR WAY HERE, IN RICHMOND, POWERS COMPLAINED THAT AMERICAN OFFI-
CIALS ARE CONSTANTLY REFERRING TO HIS SON AS A SPY AND THEREBY HURTING
HIS CHANCES AT THE MOSCOW TRIAL.

"I'VE GOT A COPY OF WHAT IS SUPPOSED TO BE MY SON'S CONFESSION," POW-
ERS SAID.

"THERE'S NOTHING IN THERE TO CONVICT THAT BOY OF SPYING. IT LOOKS
LIKE THE BIGGEST CONVICTION WILL BE BY THE UNITED STATES WITH RUSSIA
DOING THE SENTENCING. THEY SPEAK OF HIM AS A SPY. I BELIEVE THAT'S
WRONG.

"HE'S CONFESSED TO WHAT HE HAD TO CONFESS AND THAT'S ALL. HE WAS
FOUND. . . INSIDE THE SOVIET UNION AND, OF COURSE, HE COULD ONLY HAVE
GOTTEN THERE BY PLANE. . .

"MY SON NEVER CONFESSED TO BEING AN AGENT OF THE CIA (CENTRAL INTEL-
LIGENCE AGENCY). HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE GROUP CALLED THE 10-10 UNIT."

IN LONDON, L.N. SMIRNOV, DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S.S.R. SUPREME
COURT, SAID ANY SUGGESTION POWERS WAS BRAINWASHED WAS "ABSOLUTE
RUBBISH."

"CAPT. POWERS HAS NOT BEEN INFLUENCED IN ANY WAY FOR THE
TRIAL," SMIRNOV TOLD A REPORTER. "SUCH METHODS AS USING LIE-
DETECTOR AND BRAINWASHING TECHNIQUES ARE LOATHSOME TO OUR LEGAL
IDEALS."

HE ADDED, "I CAN ASSURE YOU, SIR, AND EVERYONE ELSE IN THE WEST,
THAT HE WILL GET THE FAIREST POSSIBLE TRIAL."

WHEN ASKED WHY THE RUSSIANS REFUSED TO PERMIT POWERS TO BE REPRE-
SENTED AT HIS TRIAL BY AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY, SMIRNOV SAID, "I
DON'T KNOW ANYTHING AT ALL ABOUT THAT. I CANNOT ANSWER."

SMIRNOV HEADS A RUSSIAN DELEGATION AT THE U.N. CRIME PREVENTION
CONGRESS WHICH OPENED TODAY IN LONDON.

POWERS DID NOT SPECIFY WHETHER HE WAS REFERRING TO THE U.S. GOVERNMENT OR TO INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE SPOKEN OF HIS SON'S FLIGHT AS
A SPY MISSION.

LINCOLN WHITE, STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER, SAID THE DEPARTMENT
KNOWS OF NO CONFESSION PILOT POWERS WAS REPORTED TO HAVE GIVEN SOVIET
AUTHORITIES.

ACCOMPANYING THE POWERS ARE SOL CURY, A NORTON, VA., BUSINESS MAN
AND FAMILY FRIEND; DR. LEWIS K. INGRAM WHO IS TREATING MRS. POWERS, AND
CARL A. MACAFEE, A LAWYER.

THEY PLAN TO LEAVE NEW YORK BY PLANE THURSDAY FOR MOSCOW. THE PI-
LOT'S WIFE, MRS. BARBARA POWERS, IS EXPECTED TO LEAVE HER HOME AT
MILLEDGEVILLE, GA., LATER THIS WEEK, TO ARRIVE IN MOSCOW AUG. 18.

BU448PED

A109

(220)

LONDON, AUG. 8 (AP)-RUSSIA'S NO. 2 JUDGE DENIED ANGRILY TONIGHT
THAT DOWNED U2 PILOT FRANCIS GARY POWERS HAS BEEN BRAINWASHED
FOR HIS MOSCOW TRIAL LATER THIS MONTH.

"CAPT. POWERS BRAINWASHED? WHAT ABSOLUTE RUBBISH," SNAPPED
L.N. SMIRNOV DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S.S.R. SUPREME COURT.

"CAPT. POWERS HAS NOT BEEN INFLUENCED IN ANY WAY FOR THE

1960

TRIAL. SUCH METHODS AS USING LIE-DETECTOR AND BRAINWASHING TECHNIQUES ARE LOATHSOME TO OUR LEGAL IDEALS," HE TOLD A REPORTER.

SMIRNOV, WHO HEADS A RUSSIAN DELEGATION AT THE U.N. CRIME PREVENTION CONGRESS WHICH OPENED TODAY, WAS SMILING AND RELAXED UNTIL ASKED ABOUT POWERS, THE AMERICAN U2 PILOT SHOT DOWN OVER RUSSIA MAY 1.

POWERS WILL BE TRIED IN PUBLIC BEFORE THE MILITARY COLLEGE OF THE SUPREME SOVIET AUG. 17, HIS 31ST BIRTHDAY, FOR ESPIONAGE.

SAID SMIRNOV ANGRILY: "I EMPHATICALLY DENY THAT SUCH METHODS AS BRAINWASHING HAVE BEEN USED ON POWERS. IT WOULD BE QUITE ALIEN TO SOVIET JUDICIAL PRACTICE."

WOULD POWERS GET A FAIR TRIAL?

"I CAN ASSURE YOU, SIR, AND EVERYONE ELSE IN THE WEST, THAT HE WILL GET THE FAIREST POSSIBLE TRIAL," SMIRNOV ASSERTED.

"IT WOULD BE GOOD TO WASH WITH CLEAN WATER THE BRAINS OF PEOPLE WHO SUGGEST THAT POWERS HAS BEEN BRAINWASHED."

BUT SMIRNOV WAS EVASIVE WHEN ASKED WHY THE RUSSIANS HAD REFUSED TO ALLOW POWERS TO BE REPRESENTED AT HIS TRIAL BY AN AMERICAN ATTORNEY.

"I DON'T KNOW ANYTHING AT ALL ABOUT THAT. I CANNOT ANSWER," HE SAID.

AF900PED

A55WX

(320) NIGHT LEAD ARMY ASSN.

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, AUG. 8 (AP)-THE GERMAN GENERAL WHO COMMANDS ALL OF NATO'S LAND FORCES IN CENTRAL EUROPE SAID TODAY THE NEW NATO STRATEGY REACHES BEYONDS A MERE STATIC DEFENSE ALONG THE RHINE TO OPERATIONS DEEP INTO THE "FURTHERMOST EASTERN REACHES" OF CENTRAL EUROPE.

GEN. HANS SPEIDEL, WHO FOUGHT ALLIED FORCES IN WORLD WAR II AS CHIEF OF THE GENERAL STAFF OF GERMAN ARMY CORPS AND GROUP, CAME TO WASHINGTON TODAY AS A MAJOR SPEAKER AT THE ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY (AUSA).

THE 63-YEAR-OLD GERMAN WHO WAS ARRESTED IN 1944 AS A SUSPECT IN THE BOMB PLOT AGAINST ADOLF HITLER, IN HIS PREPARED TALK, EMPHASIZED A POINT DEAR TO THE U. S. ARMY -- THAT IT IS THE GROUND SOLDIER WHO WILL BE IN ON THE FINAL WINNING OF ANY WAR.

TEN YEARS AGO, SAID SPEIDEL, DEFENSE OF WESTERN EUROPE RESTED PRIMARILY ON THE STRATEGIC AIR FORCES, WITH THE GROUND OR "SHIELD" GROUPS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEFENDING VITAL BASES AND HOLDING BACK COMMUNIST FORCES UNTIL THEIR WEIGHT WAS BROKEN BY AIR ATTACK.

BECAUSE THE SHIELD OR GROUND FORCES LACKED ADEQUATE STRENGTH, SAID THE GENERAL, "ONE COULD NOT ESCAPE THE FACT THAT THE DECISIVE BATTLE IN CENTRAL EUROPE COULD ONLY BEGIN ON THE RHINE AND ONE HOPED THAT THE WAR COULD BE ENDED BY THE ACTION OF THE STRATEGIC AIR ARM." THEN SPEIDEL CONTINUED:

"SINCE THOSE EARLY DAYS OF NATO THE PICTURE HAS CHANGED DRAMATICALLY. OUR ENEMY NOW HAS A STRATEGIC AIR ARM. FURTHER, HIS LONG RANGE MISSILE FORCE EQUALS OUR OWN. WE SEEM TO HAVE REACHED A STALEMATE IN THIS CATEGORY. BECAUSE OF THIS DANGEROUS SITUATION THEN WE MUST RECOGNIZE THAT OUR SHIELD FORCES MUST BE SUFFICIENTLY STRONG AND READY TO COUNTER HIS REMAINING ELEMENTS OF STRENGTH."

"WITH THE ACCEPTANCE OF THE BUNDESREPUBLIK (FREE GERMANY) IN THE NATO ALLIANCE, THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE BUNDESWEHR (ITS ARMED FORCES), THE INTRODUCTION OF TACTICAL ATOMIC WEAPONS, THE STRENGTH OF OUR SHIELD FORCES HAS INCREASED."

"SO MUCH SO, THAT TODAY WE PLAN TO DEFEND CENTRAL EUROPE FROM ITS FURTHERMOST EASTERN REACHES."

SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WILBER M. BRUCKER TOOK ISSUE WITH THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION WHOSE POLICIES HE USUALLY ACCEPTS WITHOUT CHAL-

LENCE.

"ALTHOUGH WE HAVE IN DEVELOPMENT, OR READY FOR PRODUCTION, MUCH OF THE EQUIPMENT WHICH IS SUPERIOR TO THAT POSSESSED BY THE SOVIET ARMY," BRUCKER SAID, "THE LEVEL OF PROCUREMENT FUNDS AVAILABLE DOES NOT ALLOW MODERNIZATION OF OUR EQUIPMENT AT AN ACCELERATED PACE."

THE ARMY SECRETARY CONTENDED THAT IN ADDITION TO ITS IMPACT ON THE U. S. ARMY THIS POLICY IS AFFECTING THE COLD WAR ACTIVITIES OF THE UNITED STATES. RUSSIA, WITH MODERN EQUIPMENT, IS MAKING ATTRACTIVE OFFERS OF NEW ARMS TO UNCOMMITTED NATIONS, BRUCKER SAID.

BRUCKER, IN HIS ADDRESS, SAID THE PERSONAL ABUSE HEAPED ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER BY "THE BULLIES OF THE KREMLIN DURING THE WEEKS SINCE KHRUSHCHEV SABOTAGED THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE" HAD SOLIDIFIED THE UNITED STATES IN SUPPORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

THE SECRETARY THEN ASSERTED:

"LET NO POTENTIAL AGGRESSOR FAIL TO REALIZE THAT IN THIS TIME OF CRISIS THE AMERICAN PEOPLE STAND BEHIND OUR PRESIDENT. THE COMMUNIST LEADERS OUGHT TO LISTEN TO THE MESSAGE OF GOOD WILL HE BRINGS THE WORLD."

"IT IS ALWAYS UNWISE TO TEMPT THE FATES BY CONTINUALLY PROVOKING A PATIENT NATION. IF THE SOVIETS DOUBT OUR WILL TO CARRY OUT OUR COMMITMENTS TO RESIST AGGRESSION ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD, AND AGAIN RESORT TO ARMS, THEY ARE IN FOR A TERRIFIC SURPRISE."

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A20 250

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, AUG. 8 (AP)-BELGIUM IS CONSIDERING REDUCING ITS CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO), SOURCES CLOSE TO THE GOVERNMENT REPORTED.

HOW BIG A REDUCTION OF TROOPS AND PLANES TO NATO DEFENSE IS BEING CONSIDERED WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT IS STILL SOMEWHAT UPSET BY THE LITTLE SUPPORT IT GOT FROM NATO PARTNERS DURING THE CONGO CRISIS. ONLY FRANCE GAVE OPEN SUPPORT. THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT WAS BELIEVED BACKING BELGIUM IN RETURN FOR BELGIAN SUPPORT IN ITS OWN ALGERIAN POLICY.

FURTHERMORE, PREMIER GASTON EYSKENS SAID RECENTLY A PROGRAM OF AUSTERITY AND ECONOMY WILL BE LAUNCHED SOON.

BELGIUM HAS SPENT MILLIONS IN SETTING UP TWO IMPORTANT MILITARY BASES IN THE CONGO--KAMINA AND KITONA.

THESE MUST BE ABANDONED SOON WITH NO COMPENSATION AND THIS WOULD ACCOUNT FOR AN ATTEMPT TO COMPENSATE FOR THE LOSS BY CUTTING THE DEFENSE BUDGET.

AMONG THE REDUCTIONS EXPECTED WOULD BE A CUT IN THE PURCHASE OF SOME F104G FIGHTER PLANES FOR THE BELGIAN AIR FORCE. ORIGINALLY BELGIUM WAS DUE TO BUY ABOUT 100 OF THOSE PLANES.

IN PARIS NEITHER MILITARY NOR DIPLOMATIC OFFICIALS OF NATO WOULD COMMENT.

UNOFFICIALLY, HOWEVER, DIPLOMATS IN PARIS VIEWED THE REPORT WITH ILL-DISGUISED DISTASTE. MILITARY MEN POINTED OUT THAT IN THEIR EYES BELGIUM IS ALREADY LAGGARD IN MEETING ITS DEFENSE COMMITMENTS AND FURTHER CUTS WOULD BE OPPOSED.

NATO SOURCES SAID THAT THUS FAR BELGIUM HAS NOT SIGNIFIED ANY INTENTION OF FURTHER CUTTING ITS FORCES. THIS COULD COME UP IN OCTOBER WHEN DEFENSE SPECIALISTS BEGIN TO STUDY PLANS FOR THE COMING YEAR.

B323PED

(340)

BY HERB ALTSCHULL

BOHN, GERMANY, AUG. 8 (AP)- BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN

30.24-12569

WAS REPORTED TODAY TO BE CAUTIOUSLY OPTIMISTIC THAT HIS MEETING THIS WEEK WITH CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER WILL LEAD TO A SETTLEMENT OF THE TRADE CONFLICT DIVIDING EUROPE.

HIGHLY QUALIFIED INFORMANTS SAID MACMILLAN IS CONVINCED THE CHIEF OBSTACLE TO TIGHTENING EUROPEAN COOPERATION IS ECONOMIC AND NOT POLITICAL.

THESE INFORMANTS SAY THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER ENCOURAGED BY WHAT HE REGARDS AS "A CHANGE IN EMPHASIS" AMONG THE MEMBERS OF THE EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC). BRITAIN WAS PORTRAYED AS READY TO ENTER THE SIX-NATION EEC IF ITS MEMBERS WOULD LOOSEN THEIR ORGANIZATION ENOUGH TO ENABLE BRITAIN TO RETAIN HER TRADITIONAL TIES WITH COMMONWEALTH LANDS.

MACMILLAN IS DUE HERE WEDNESDAY FOR TWO DAYS OF CONFERENCES WITH ADENAUER. THE MEETING TAKES PLACE LESS THAN TWO WEEKS AFTER SECRET TALKS BETWEEN ADENAUER AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE.

ADENAUER AND DE GAULLE WERE REPORTED TO HAVE LAID PLANS FOR A TIGHT ORGANIZATION OF EUROPE POLITICALLY, WITH THE SIX EEC NATIONS (WEST GERMANY, FRANCE, ITALY, BELGIUM, HOLLAND AND LUXEMBOURG) JOINING IN A NEW INSTITUTION WITH BRITAIN AND PERHAPS OTHERS.

AUTHORITATIVE INFORMANTS SAY THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER BELIEVES THE ISSUE OF ECONOMIC RIVALRY AND POLITICAL COOPERATION GO HAND IN HAND AND MUST BE RESOLVED TOGETHER.

BRITAIN IS LEADER OF A EUROPEAN FREE TRADE ASSOCIATION, WHOSE SEVEN MEMBERS (BRITAIN, SWEDEN, NORWAY, DENMARK, PORTUGAL, SWITZERLAND AND AUSTRIA) HAVE BEEN FEUDING FOR YEARS WITH THE EEC OVER TRADE POLICIES.

MACMILLAN WAS PORTRAYED AS HOPEFUL THE ROW BETWEEN THE EEC AND THE FREE TRADE GROUP CAN BE SETTLED BEFORE NEXT JANUARY, WHEN A MAJOR TARIFF CUT IS SCHEDULED INSIDE EEC WITH HIGHER RATES IMPOSED AGAINST OUTSIDERS.

THE INFORMANTS STRESSED BRITAIN WOULD NOT MOVE INTO THE EEC UNLESS IT IS PERMITTED TO CONTINUE ARRANGEMENTS WITH COMMONWEALTH MEMBERS UNDER WHICH BRITAIN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS GOODS TARIFF-FREE.

BRITAIN WAS REPORTED WAS REPORTED CHIEFLY CONCERNED ABOUT FARM GOODS, WHICH MACMILLAN WAS SAID TO CONSIDER THE MAJOR PROBLEM.

THE BRITISH DO NOT WANT TO SURRENDER THEIR RIGHT TO BUY FARM GOODS AT WORLD MARKET PRICES AND ENTER PRICE-FIXING ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE EEC.

FF203PED

B6WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 5:30 A. M. EST TODAY
(620) HIROSHIMA BOMB
(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, AUG. 8 (AP)-FIFTEEN YEARS AFTER THE FIRST ATOMIC BOMB WAS DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA, JAPAN, FIVE MEN CONNECTED IN DIFFERENT DEGREES WITH THE PROJECT HAVE CONFLICTING VIEWS ON ITS USE IN THE MANNER.

THE VIEWS OF THE FIVE WERE RECORDED IN INTERVIEWS PUBLISHED TODAY IN A COPYRIGHT ARTICLE IN THE MAGAZINE U. S. NEWS AND WORLD REPORT. THEY GENERALLY AGREED THE BOMB SHOULD HAVE BEEN USED IN SOME WAY, BUT SOME CONTENDED A DEMONSTRATION OF ITS POWER WOULD HAVE BROUGHT A JAPANESE SURRENDER WITHOUT DESTRUCTION OF A CITY AND ITS INHABITANTS.

MILITARY USE OF THE BOMB AS SOON AS IT WAS READY WAS RECOMMENDED TO PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN BY A SPECIAL EIGHT-MEMBER COMMITTEE. BUT TRUMAN LATER WROTE IN HIS MEMOIRS:

"THE FINAL DECISION OF WHERE AND WHEN TO USE THE ATOMIC BOMB WAS UP TO ME. LET THERE BE NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT. I REGARDED THE BOMB AS A MILITARY WEAPON AND NEVER HAD ANY DOUBT THAT IT SHOULD BE USED."

USE OF THE BOMBS AT HIROSHIMA AUG. 6, 1945, AND AT NAGASAKI THREE DAYS LATER, AND THE JAPANESE SURRENDER THE FOLLOWING DAY, ARE GENERALLY CREDITED WITH AVOIDING THE NEED FOR A U. S. INVASION OF JAPAN WHICH COULD HAVE CAUSED U. S. CASUALTIES ESTIMATED AS HIGH AS A MILLION MEN.

JAMES F. BYRNES, TRUMAN'S PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE IN SOME OF THE BOMB DISCUSSIONS AND LATER SECRETARY OF STATE, SAID THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH HEAVY CASUALTIES FROM INVASION LED TO THE RECOMMENDATION FOR USING THE BOMB.

OTHERS INTERVIEWED BY THE MAGAZINE WERE DR. LEO SZILARD, A PIONEER IN A-BOMB DEVELOPMENT WHO LATER OPPOSED ITS USE; LEWIS L. STRAUSS, THEN AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY AND LATER CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC

ENERGY COMMISSION; RALPH A. BARD, THEN UNDER SECRETARY OF THE NAVY; AND DR. EDWARD TELLER, OFTEN CALLED THE FATHER OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB. SOME WERE ASKED TO GIVE THEIR REACTIONS AT THE TIME OF THE DECISION, OTHERS IN THE LIGHT OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

BYRNES SUPPORTED USE OF THE BOMB IN THE LIGHT OF THE OVER-ALL SITUATION. HE COMMENTED:

"THERE WAS A QUESTION OF GIVING THE JAPANESE FAIR WARNING ABOUT THE TIME AND PLACE OF THE EXPLOSION, BUT WE REJECTED IT BECAUSE WE FEARED AMERICAN PRISONERS OF WAR WOULD BE BROUGHT INTO THE DESIGNATED AREA. WE WERE TOLD BY EXPERTS, TOO, THAT WHATEVER THE SUCCESS OF THE TEST BOMB, THEY COULD NOT GUARANTEE THAT ANOTHER BOMB WOULD EXPLODE WHEN DROPPED."

ALTHOUGH SZILARD HELPED PERSUADE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT TO LAUNCH THE ATOMIC BOMB PROJECT, HE SAID HE OPPOSED DROPPING THE ATOMIC BOMB ON JAPAN "WITH ALL MY POWER." HE TOLD THE MAGAZINE:

"I DON'T THINK JAPAN WOULD HAVE SURRENDERED UNCONDITIONALLY WITHOUT THE USE OF FORCE. BUT THERE WAS NO NEED TO DEMAND THE UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER OF JAPAN. IF WE HAD OFFERED JAPAN THE KIND OF PEACE TREATY WHICH WE ACTUALLY GAVE HER, WE COULD HAVE HAD A NEGOTIATED PEACE."

STRAUSS, EMPHASIZING THE WORD "MANNER," SAID "IN MY OPINION, IT WAS A MISTAKE TO USE THE BOMB IN THE MANNER THAT IT WAS USED.... I PROPOSE THAT THE WEAPON BE USED IN JAPAN OVER EITHER AN UNINHABITED AREA, OR AFTER A WARNING OVER A SPARSELY INHABITED AREA, PREFERABLY A FOREST NEAR NIKKO, WHERE THE EFFECTS OF BLAST AND HEAT WOULD BE DEMONSTRABLE AFTER THE EXPLOSION."

"IN THE LATE SPRING OF 1945, JAPAN WAS DEFEATED BEFORE THE BOMBING, EXCEPT FOR THE FORMAL ACT OF SURRENDER."

BARD WAS ONE OF THE EIGHT-MAN COMMITTEE WHICH MADE THE RECOMMENDATION THAT THE BOMB BE USED WITHOUT WARNING, BUT WAS THE ONLY COMMITTEE MEMBER TO GO ON RECORD AGAINST THAT RECOMMENDATION.

"I THINK THAT, IN THE LIGHT OF WHAT'S HAPPENED SINCE THE DROPPING OF THE BOMB, IT SEEMS PERFECTLY EVIDENT THAT A WARNING TO THE JAPANESE AT THAT TIME--BEFORE DROPPING THE BOMB--WOULD HAVE RESULTED ALMOST CERTAINLY IN PEACE. IN MY OPINION, THE JAPANESE WAR WAS REALLY WON BEFORE WE EVER USED THE ATOM BOMB."

TELLER, CALLING USE OF THE BOMB "A MISTAKE," SAID "I WOULD HAVE BEEN MUCH HAPPIER IF WE HAD FIRST DEMONSTRATED THE BOMB, FOR INSTANCE, BY A HARMLESS EXPLOSION OVER TOKYO AT TOO HIGH AN ALTITUDE TO DO DAMAGE, SO THAT EVERYONE COULD SEE WHAT COULD HAVE BEEN DONE."

"I THINK IT WOULD HAVE BEEN MUCH BETTER IF WE HAD FIRST TRIED OTHER WAYS THAN THE DESTRUCTION OF A CITY."

CR258AED

A93

(220)

NEW DELHI, AUG. 8 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TOLD PARLIAMENT TODAY THAT AN AVERAGE OF 1,000 REFUGEES FROM TIBET STILL ARE ENTERING INDIA EACH MONTH, BUT HE REJECTED SOCIALIST SUGGESTIONS THAT HE ASK THE UNITED NATIONS FOR HELP.

NEHRU SAID THERE ARE ALREADY MORE THAN 20,000 TIBETAN REFUGEES IN INDIA.

"IT IS NO DOUBT A MATTER OF IMPORTANCE AND ADDS TO OUR BURDENS," NEHRU SAID, "BUT I DO NOT SEE HOW REFERENCE TO THE UNITED NATIONS WILL HELP US OR THE REFUGEES."

IN DARJEELING, FORMER COMMANDER OF THE TIBETAN RESISTANCE MOVEMENT DENIED RUMORS THAT TIBETAN REFUGEES QUITTING ROAD CONSTRUCTION WORK IN SIKKIM ARE SLIPPING BACK INTO THEIR HOMELAND TO FIGHT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

GOMPO TASHI, DIRECTED RECENTLY BY THE DALAI LAMA TO LOOK AFTER REFUGEES IN THE FRONTIER AREA, SAID HE BELIEVES THE RUMORS ARE COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA DESIGNED TO EMBARRASS THOSE IN CHARGE OF

THE REFUGEES AND TO DISRUPT ARRANGEMENTS TO CARE FOR THEM IN INDIA.

MAHARAJKUMAR PALDEN THONDUP NAMGYAL, HEIR APPARENT TO THE THRONE OF SIKKIM, A TINY INDIAN PROTECTORATE IN THE HIMALAYAS BETWEEN INDIA AND TIBET, SAID FRIDAY THAT MORE THAN 1,000 REFUGEES HAD LEFT ROAD CONSTRUCTION WORK IN SIKKIM.

HE REPORTED STRONG RUMORS THAT THEY WERE RETURNING TO TIBET TO FIGHT THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS BUT SAID HE DID NOT KNOW WHETHER THE RUMORS WERE TRUE.

TASHI SAID ONLY ABOUT 400 REFUGEES HAD LEFT ROAD WORK AND THAT MOST OF THEM WERE LOOKING FOR JOBS THAT PAID BETTER FOR LESS STRENUOUS WORK. HE SAID THEY WERE GOING TO OTHER PARTS OF INDIA AND NEPAL.

RB&B907AED

A94

(330)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS

(ADVANCE) CAIRO, EGYPT, AUG. 8 (AP)--"THE LEADERS OF COMMUNIST CHINA AS WELL AS THE COMMUNIST PARTIES IN THE WORLD KNOW THAT THE ALGERIAN REVOLUTION IS NOT COMMUNIST AND THAT ITS LEADERS ARE NATIONALISTS," SAYS MUSTAFA FAROUKHI, HEAD OF THE FIRST ALGERIAN DIPLOMATIC MISSION TO RED CHINA.

"THE ONLY SIGNIFICANCE OF SENDING AN ALGERIAN MISSION TO PEIPING DOES NOT IN ANY WAY EXCEED THE SINCERE DESIRE OF STRENGTHENING RELATIONS BETWEEN THE BIGGEST ASIAN NATION AND THE STRUGGLING ALGERIAN PEOPLES," 38-YEAR-OLD FAROUKHI SAID IN AN INTERVIEW.

"I BELIEVE THAT STRENGTHENING RELATIONS BETWEEN CHINA AND THE ARAB WORLD IS A NECESSITY DICTATED BY THE MUTUAL INTERESTS OF BOTH SIDES. I ALSO BELIEVE IT IS THE DUTY OF EVERY ARAB DIPLOMAT TO PROPAGATE THIS TRUE FACT AND CONVINCING THE CHINESE LEADERS OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE ARAB NATION. THEY SHOULD ALSO BE CONVINCED THAT ARAB NATIONALISM IS A TRUE FACT AND THAT THE ALGERIAN REVOLUTION IN PART OF THE ENTIRE ARAB REVOLUTION."

FAROUKHI SAID HE DOES NOT EXPECT HIS DEPARTURE FOR CHINA, ABOUT MID-AUGUST, TO INCREASE THE POPULARITY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY INSIDE ALGERIA., WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS "NONEXISTENT AMONG THE POPULATION." BUT, HE ADDED, "THE ALGERIAN COMMUNIST PARTY SUPPORTS THE ALGERIAN REVOLUTION AND THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT'S PRESENT POLICY."

HE EXPRESSED HOPE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DIPLOMATIC MISSION IN PEIPING WILL HAVE "AN EFFECTIVE RESULT" IN STRENGTHENING THE ALGERIAN REVOLUTION MILITARILY AND POLITICALLY. FAROUKHI WILL ALSO REPRESENT ALGERIA IN ASIAN AND COMMUNIST COUNTRIES THAT HAVE RECOGNIZED HIS GOVERNMENT, FORMED IN SEPTEMBER 1958. HIS APPOINTMENT, HE SAYS, WAS APPROVED BY THE ALGERIAN REVOLUTION COUNCIL.

BORN IN KHAMIS MELIAN, FAROUKHI WAS A MEMBER OF THE ALGERIAN COUNCIL FORMED BY FRANCE IN 1948. THAT SAME YEAR HE WAS IMPRISONED FOR SIX MONTHS AFTER JOINING THE REBEL ORGANIZATION AND WORKING FOR IT IN ALGERIA. HE WAS ARRESTED AGAIN IN MAY 1955 BUT MANAGED TO ESCAPE IN FEBRUARY 1958 AND JOINED THE UNDERGROUND.

IN 1957, HE WENT TO FRANCE WHERE HE ORGANIZED SECRET RESISTANCE MOVEMENT. AFTER A YEAR, HE FLED. HE LATER WENT ON A THREE-MONTH TOUR OF COMMUNIST CHINA AND NORTH VIET NAM AS AN OFFICIAL OF AN ALGERIAN SPORTS TEAM.

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS--MOVED AUG. 6.

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